

Our ref: DF24/000408

Ms Morgan Bramwell-Baker

By email to: <a href="mailto:angouriestore@gmail.com">angouriestore@gmail.com</a>

14 January 2024

#### Dear Ms Bramwell-Baker

**Application No.** SR0001097483 & APP-0011573542

Applicant Morgan Bramwell-Baker

Applications for Amendment – on-premises licence – change of boundaries & new packaged

liquor licence

**Application date** 30 May 2023

**Decision date** 14 December 2023

Licence name Clarence All Press Pause

Licence No. LIQO660033202 (Clarence All Press Pause)

**Proposed trading hours** Monday to Sunday (excluding Tuesday) 10:00 AM – 2:00 PM

Proposed premises 29 Coldstream Street

Yamba NSW 2464

**Legislation** Sections 3, 11A, 12, 29, 31, 40, 44, 45 and 48 of the *Liquor Act 2007* 

# Decision of the Independent Liquor & Gaming Authority Application for an amendment – on-premises licence – change of boundaries & new packaged liquor licence – Clarence All Press Pause

We **approve** the applications above under section 94 (amendment – on-premises licence) and section 45 (new packaged liquor licence) of the *Liquor Act 2007* (the Act) — with the conditions set out in Schedule 1.

## Trading on a Sunday that falls on 24 December

If a Sunday falls on 24 December, the premises must not trade earlier than 10:00 am.

#### Statement of reasons

Overall, we are satisfied that the social impact of approving the application will not be harmful to the well-being of the local or broader community.

The decision achieves the aim of the Act to regulate the liquor industry to meet the community's expectations, needs, and aspirations, while also promoting a balanced and responsible development of the industry.

#### Our main findings

The local community for the purposes of this decision is Yamba. The broader community is the Local Government Area (LGA) of Clarence Valley.

#### Positive social impacts

The applicant seeks to operate a new packaged liquor licence. It will offer liquor of boutique nature which compliments the offerings already provided within the on-premises café and will primarily benefit those patrons that seek to purchase liquor after consuming it in the adjacent café.

The applicant also seeks to change the licence boundary of the existing on-premises licence (LIQO660033202) to facilitate the proposed packaged liquor licence.

We are satisfied that the proposal would benefit the local and broader communities by providing increased convenience and choice.

### Negative social impacts

We accept that the proposal could contribute to an increase in alcohol-related harm in the local and broader communities because of the:

- premises being located in a high-density crime hotspot in the suburb for malicious damage and in a medium-density crime hotspot for alcohol-related assault
- higher crime rates in the suburb and LGA for all offence categories usually considered by us
- higher rate of alcohol-attributable deaths in the LGA compared to NSW
- indications of a below average level of relative socio-economic advantage in the suburb and I GA
- higher saturation rates of packaged liquor licences in the suburb compared to NSW

However, we are satisfied that these risks are reduced by the:

- small scale operation with moderate size of the premises and reduced trading hours
- lower rate of alcohol-attributable hospitalisations in the LGA compared to NSW
- fact that the premises will be co-located within the same building as the on-premises licence
- liquor products to be sold are limited to liquor of boutique nature
- harm-minimisation measures outlined in the plan of management and licence conditions, as set out in Schedule 1.

#### The material we considered

We considered the following material when making our decision:

- the application material including evidence that stakeholders and the community were notified about the application
- a community impact statement (CIS)
- the plan of the licensed premises and any authorisations
- a plan of management for the licensed business
- a development consent for the premises
- statistics from Liquor & Gaming NSW, Bureau of Crime Statistics and Research, NSW Health and Australian Bureau of Statistics on the socio-economic status, liquor licence density, alcohol-related crimes rates and health issues in the local and broader communities
- stakeholder submissions and the applicant's response them.

We also considered <u>Guideline 6</u> to assess the likely social impact to the local and broader community.

This decision will be published on the <u>Liquor & Gaming NSW website</u> in accordance with section 36C of the *Gaming and Liquor Administration Act 2007.* 

#### If you have any questions

Please contact the case manager, Max Costa, at <a href="max.costa@liquorandgaming.nsw.gov.au">max.costa@liquorandgaming.nsw.gov.au</a> if you have any questions.

Yours sincerely

and we done

Caroline Lamb
Chairperson

For and on behalf of the Independent Liquor & Gaming Authority

# Schedule 1 – Licence conditions to be imposed Clarence All Press Pause

No.	Condition to be imposed	Description
1.	6-hour closure	Section 11A of the <i>Liquor Act 2007</i> applies to this licence. Liquor must not be sold by retail on the licensed premises for a continuous period of six (6) hours between <b>04:00 AM and 10:00 AM</b> during each consecutive period of 24 hours. The licensee must comply with this 6-hour closure period along with any other limits specified in the trading hours for this licence.
2.	Retail sales	Good Friday Not permitted
		December 24 <sup>th</sup> Normal trading Monday to Saturday, 8:00 AM to 12:00 midnight Sunday
		Christmas Day Not permitted
		December 31 <sup>st</sup> Normal trading Monday to Saturday 10:00 AM to 12:00 midnight Sunday
3.	Social impact	The business authorised by this licence must not operate with a greater overall level of social impact on the wellbeing of the local and broader community than what could reasonably be expected from the information contained in the Community Impact Statement, application and other information submitted in the process of obtaining this licence.
4.	Liquor Accord	The licensee or its representative must join and be an active participant in the local liquor accord.
5.	Liquor Plan of Management	The premises is to be operated at all times in accordance with the Plan of Management dated <b>8 November 2023</b> as may be varied from time to time after consultation with NSW Police. A copy of the Plan of Management is to be kept on the premises, and made available for inspection on the request of a police officer, council officer, Liquor and Gaming NSW inspector, or any other person authorised by the Independent Liquor and Gaming Authority.
6.	ссту	The licensee must maintain a closed-circuit television (CCTV) system at the supermarket/general store in accordance with the following requirements:
		<ul> <li>(a) the system must record continuously from opening time until one hour after the supermarket/general store is required to close,</li> </ul>
		<ul><li>(b) recordings must be in digital format and at a minimum of ten (10) frames per second,</li></ul>
		<ul><li>(c) any recorded image must specify the time and date of the recorded image,</li></ul>
		(d) the system's cameras must cover the following areas:
		(i) all entry and exit points to the supermarket/general store, and
		(ii) all publicly accessible areas (other than toilets) within the liquor sales area.
		2) The licensee must also:
		<ul><li>(a) keep all recordings made by the CCTV system for at least 30 days,</li></ul>
		(b) ensure that the CCTV system is accessible at all times the system is required to operate pursuant to clause 1(a), by at least one person able to access and fully operate the system, including downloading and producing recordings of CCTV footage, and
		(c) provide any recordings made by the system to a police officer or Liquor and Gaming NSW inspector within 24 hours of any request by the police officer or Liquor and Gaming NSW inspector to provide such recordings.

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7.	Crime scene preservation	Immediately after the person in charge of the licensed premises or a staff member becomes aware of any incident involving an act of violence causing injury to a person on the premises, the person in charge of the licensed premises and/or staff member must:
		<ol> <li>take all practical steps to preserve and keep intact the area where the act of violence occurred,</li> </ol>
		<ol> <li>retain all material and implements associated with the act of violence in accordance with the crime scene preservation guidelines issued by NSW Police, as published from time to time on the Liquor and Gaming NSW website,</li> </ol>
		make direct and personal contact with NSW Police to advise it of the incident, and
		comply with any directions given by NSW Police to preserve or keep intact the area where the violence occurred.
		5) In this condition, 'staff member' means any person employed by, or acting on behalf of, the licensee of the premises, and includes any person who is employed to carry on security activities (eg. crowd controller or bouncer) on or about the premises.
8.	Incident register	The licensee must maintain a register, in which the licensee is to record the details of any of the following incidents and any action taken in response to any such incident:
		<ul> <li>(a) any incident involving violence or anti-social behaviour occurring on the premises,</li> </ul>
		(b) any incident of which the licensee is aware that involves violence or anti-social behaviour occurring in the immediate vicinity of the premises and that involves a person who has recently left, or been refused admission to, the premises,
		(c) any incident that results in a person being turned out of the premises under section 77 of the Liquor Act 2007,
		<ul><li>(d) any incident that results in a patron of the premises requiring medical assistance.</li></ul>
		The licensee must, if requested to do so by a police officer or Liquor & Gaming NSW inspector:
		<ul> <li>(a) make any such incident register immediately available for inspection by a police officer or Liquor &amp; Gaming NSW inspector, and</li> </ul>
		(b) allow a police officer or Liquor & Gaming NSW inspector to take copies of the register or to remove the register from the premises.
		3) The licensee must ensure that the information recorded in the incident register under this condition is retained for at least 3 years from when the record was made.
9.	Specialised liquor products	The licensee must ensure that only the following liquor products are sold or supplied by the licensed business ("Business"), except as provided by clause 2:
		(a) craft beer
		(b) craft cider
		<ul><li>(c) craft spirits</li><li>(d) boutique wines (including sparkling wines and champagne)</li></ul>
		Other complementary liquor products, provided that those other products do not exceed more than 10% of the total product lines or 10% of the total products stocked on the

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		premises at any one time, are also permitted. For liquor products available for sale under this sub-clause, the licensee must maintain documentation that stock levels do not exceed either of the specified 10% thresholds.
		3) The licensee must ensure that a list of the product lines and products stocked by the Business at any one time is kept at the premises and made available for inspection on the request of a police officer, Liquor & Gaming NSW inspector, or any other person authorised by the Independent Liquor and Gaming Authority.
		4) For every liquor product that is available for sale under sub- clause 1, the licensee must maintain and make available for inspection on the premises documentation from the supplier confirming the location of production, and/or that the product meets the relevant definition specified in this condition.
		<u>Definitions</u>
		For the purposes of this condition:
		<ol> <li>Craft beer is defined as beer that is not generally considered to be mainstream beer, and is produced by a craft brewer:</li> </ol>
		<ul> <li>(a) which is located in Australia and produces less than 40 million litres of beer per annum, or located overseas and produces less than 6 million barrels of beer per annum;</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>(b) where not more than 25 percent of the brewery is owned or controlled (or equivalent economic interest) by an industry participant that is not itself a craft brewer; and</li> </ul>
		(c) which will certify that the majority of its total beverage alcohol volume is in beers whose flavour derives from traditional or innovative brewing ingredients and their fermentation (flavoured malt beverages are not considered beers).
		<ol><li>Craft cider is defined as cider that is not generally considered to be mainstream cider, and is produced by a craft producer:</li></ol>
		<ul> <li>(a) which is located in Australia and produces less than 40 million litres of cider per annum, or located overseas and produces less than 6 million barrels of cider per annum;</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>(b) where not more than 25 percent of the producer is owned or controlled (or equivalent economic interest) by an industry participant that is not itself a craft cider producer; and</li> </ul>
		<ul><li>(c) which will certify that the cider is made from liquid consisting only of juice (no concentrates).</li></ul>
		<ol><li>Craft spirits are defined as spirits that are not generally considered to be mainstream spirits and are:</li></ol>
		(a) the product of a distillery that has maximum annual sales of less than 100,000 proof gallons or 52,000 cases, or in the case of blended spirits, the product of an independently owned and operated facility that uses any combination of traditional and innovative techniques such as fermenting, distilling, re-distilling, blending, infusing or warehousing to create products with a unique flavour profile; and
		(b) distilled at a distillery where the spirit has either been run through a still by a craft distiller, or in the case of a blended spirit, the spirit has been distilled originally by a craft distiller.
		<ol> <li>Boutique wine is defined as wine (other than sparkling wine or champagne) that is manufactured by or on behalf of a</li> </ol>

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		boutique wine company which crushes and bottles 250 tonnes or less annually under its own label and is independently owned (i.e. not owned by a larger wine company at the time wine is supplied to the Business).
		5) Boutique champagne and sparkling wine is defined as champagne or sparkling wine that is not generally considered to be mainstream champagne or sparkling wine, that is, champagne or sparkling wine that is not commonly sold by major liquor retailers.